

Uniti

**Fourth Quarter
2019 Financial Results
Conference Call Presentation**

March 12, 2020

Safe Harbor

Certain statements in this presentation may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended from time to time. Those forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical statements of fact, including, without limitation, our 2020 financial outlook, our business strategies, growth prospects, industry trends, sales opportunities, and operating and financial performance.

Words such as "anticipate(s)," "expect(s)," "intend(s)," "estimate(s)," "foresee(s)," "plan(s)," "believe(s)," "may," "will," "would," "could," "should," "seek(s)" and similar expressions, or the negative of these terms, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are based on management's current expectations and beliefs and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could lead to actual results differing materially from those projected, forecasted or expected. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that our expectations will be attained. Factors which could materially alter our expectations include, but are not limited to, whether our settlement with Windstream will be effectuated and Windstream will successfully emerge from bankruptcy (which is dependent on a number of factors outside our control, including (i) court approval of our settlement, (ii) satisfaction of the settlement conditions, including negotiation of definitive documentation, regulatory approval and our ability to receive "true lease" opinions and (iii) Windstream's ability to obtain court and required creditor approval for its plan of reorganization); the future prospects of Windstream, our largest customer; our ability to continue as a going concern if our settlement with Windstream is not approved and Windstream were to successfully reject the master lease, recharacterize the master lease or be unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under the master lease, including its obligations to make monthly rent payments; the ability and willingness of our customers to meet and/or perform their obligations under any contractual arrangements entered into with us, including master lease arrangements; the ability of our customers to comply with laws, rules and regulations in the operation of the assets we lease to them; the ability and willingness of our customers to renew their leases with us upon their expiration, and the ability to reposition our properties on the same or better terms in the event of nonrenewal or in the event we replace an existing tenant; the adverse impact of litigation affecting us or our customers; our ability to renew, extend or obtain contracts with significant customers (including customers of the businesses we acquire); the availability of and our ability to identify suitable acquisition opportunities and our ability to acquire and lease the respective properties on favorable terms; the risk that we fail to fully realize the potential benefits of acquisitions or have difficulty integrating acquired companies; our ability to generate sufficient cash flows to service our outstanding indebtedness; our ability to access debt and equity capital markets (including to fund required payments pursuant to our settlement); the impact on our business or the business of our customers as a result of credit rating downgrades and fluctuating interest rates; our ability to retain our key management personnel; our ability to qualify or maintain our status as a real estate investment trust ("REIT"); changes in the U.S. tax law and other state, federal or local laws, whether or not specific to REITs; covenants in our debt agreements that may limit our operational flexibility; other risks inherent in the communications industry and in the ownership of communications distribution systems, including potential liability relating to environmental matters and illiquidity of real estate investments; the risk that the agreements relating to our pending U.S. towers transaction may be modified or terminated prior to closing; the risks related to satisfying the conditions to our pending U.S. towers transaction; and additional factors described in our reports filed with the SEC. Uniti expressly disclaims any obligation to release publicly any updates or revisions to any of the forward-looking statements set forth in this presentation to reflect any change in its expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any statement is based.

This presentation may contain certain supplemental measures of performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Such measures should not be considered as alternatives to GAAP. Further information with respect to and reconciliations of such measures to the nearest GAAP measure can be found herein.

Agenda

- **Uniti's Priorities**
- **Fourth Quarter 2019 Financial Results**
- **2020 Outlook**
- **U.S. Towers Sale and "Off-Take" Agreement**
- **Windstream & Uniti Agreement In Principle**
- **Q&A**

Uniti's Priorities

- **Recurring REITable Revenue with High Margin, Low Churn**
 - Continued Optimization of Portfolio and Wind Down of Non-Core Operations
 - Continued Investment in Uniti Leasing
 - Lit to Dark Fiber Conversions
 - Transition of Certain Assets at Uniti Fiber to Uniti Leasing

- **Execution of Lease-Up on Anchor Builds**
 - Completed Vast Majority of Major Dark Fiber and Small Cell Development Projects
 - Remaining Projects Expected to be Completed in 2020

- **Proprietary M&A Transaction Opportunities**
 - Sale Leaseback and OpCo/PropCo Structures
 - Transformative Opportunities
 - Bolt-on Acquisitions

- **Revenue Diversification and Credit Quality of Customer Base**
 - Reached Agreement in Principle with Windstream
 - Over \$9 Billion of Revenues Under Contract with ~ 9 Years of Contract Term Remaining⁽¹⁾
 - ~80% of Revenues Under Contract at Uniti Fiber are Investment Grade⁽²⁾

Focused on Initiatives to Drive a Healthier Infrastructure Valuation

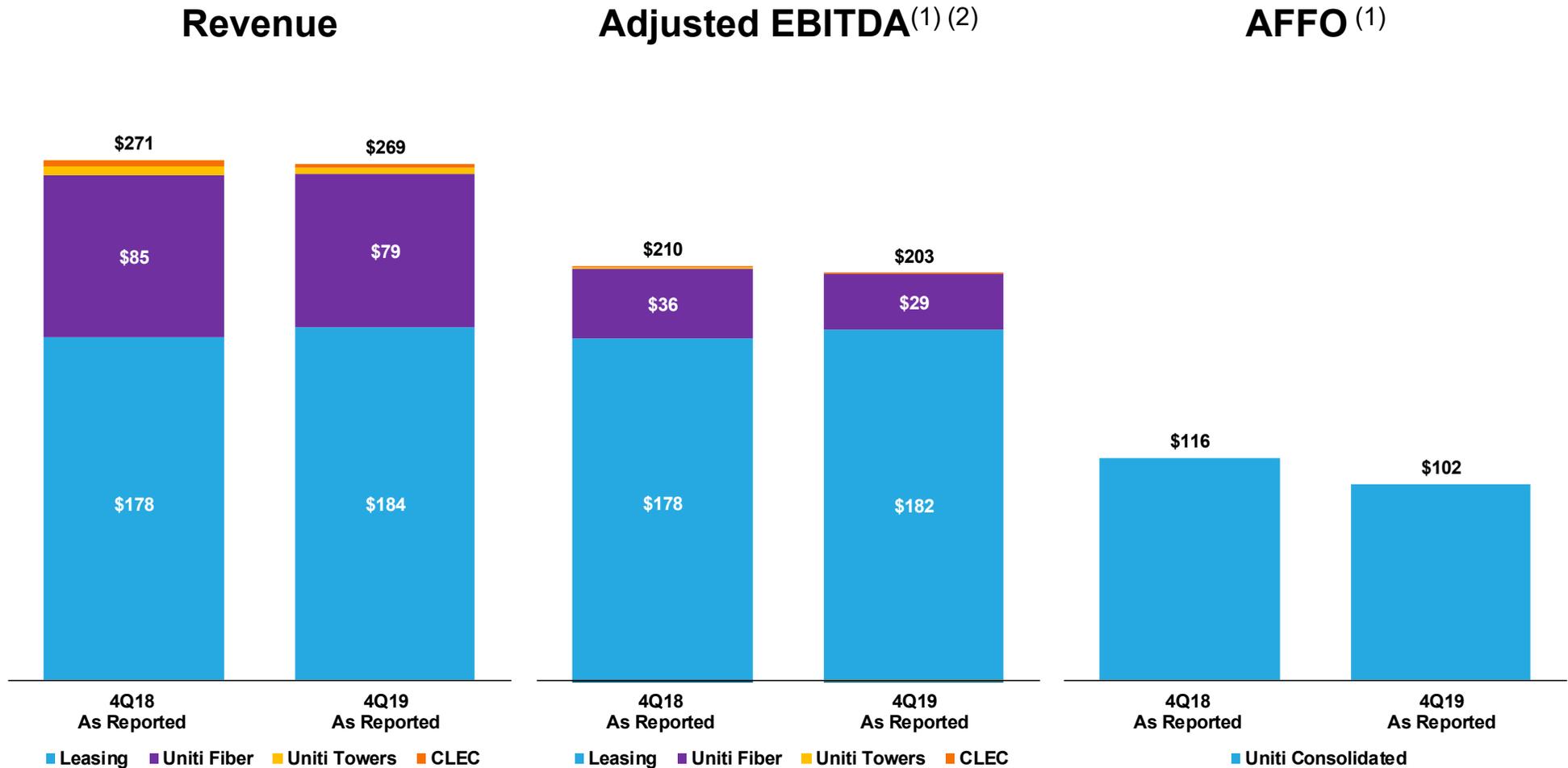


(1) Reflects revenues under contract as of December 31, 2019. Contracts are subject to termination under certain conditions and/or may not be renewed. Actual revenues under contract could vary materially. Assumes Windstream lease continues in full force and effect.

(2) Defined as revenues under contract at Uniti Fiber that are derived from customers with a S&P credit rating of BBB or higher.

Fourth Quarter 2019 Consolidated Results

(\$ in millions)



Solid Core Performance While Portfolio Optimization Continues



(1) See Appendix for a reconciliation of non-GAAP metrics to the most closely comparable GAAP metric.

(2) Segment amounts do not foot to total as consolidated Adjusted EBITDA is net of corporate expenses of \$6 million and \$8 million in 4Q18 and 4Q19, respectively.

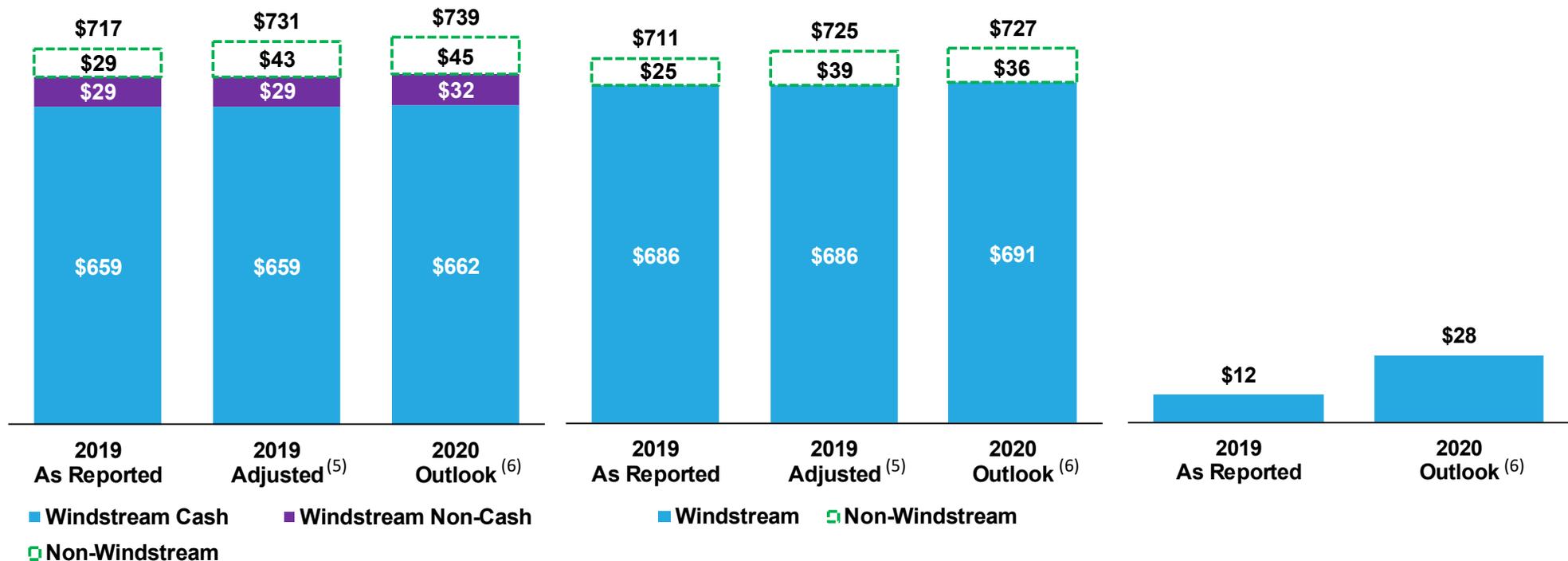
Uniti Leasing 2020 Outlook⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)

Leasing Revenue⁽²⁾

Leasing Adjusted EBITDA⁽³⁾

Net Capex⁽⁴⁾



Continuing to Execute on Leasing Sales Funnel

(1) 2020 Outlook is based on the mid-point of 2020 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated March 12, 2020.

(2) Non-Windstream includes \$5.8 million of non-cash revenue in 2019 As Reported, \$6.4 million in 2019 Adjusted, and \$5.7 million in 2020 Outlook.

(3) See Appendix for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income, the most closely comparable GAAP metric.

(4) Net Capex is defined as gross capital expenditures less up-front payments from customers.

(5) 2019 adjusted revenue and Adjusted EBITDA are adjusted for the impact of the Bluebird transaction as if the transaction had closed on January 1, 2019. No other changes to financial information or transactions have been assumed. 2019 adjusted results have not been prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X. See Appendix for details.

(6) 2020 Outlook assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms.

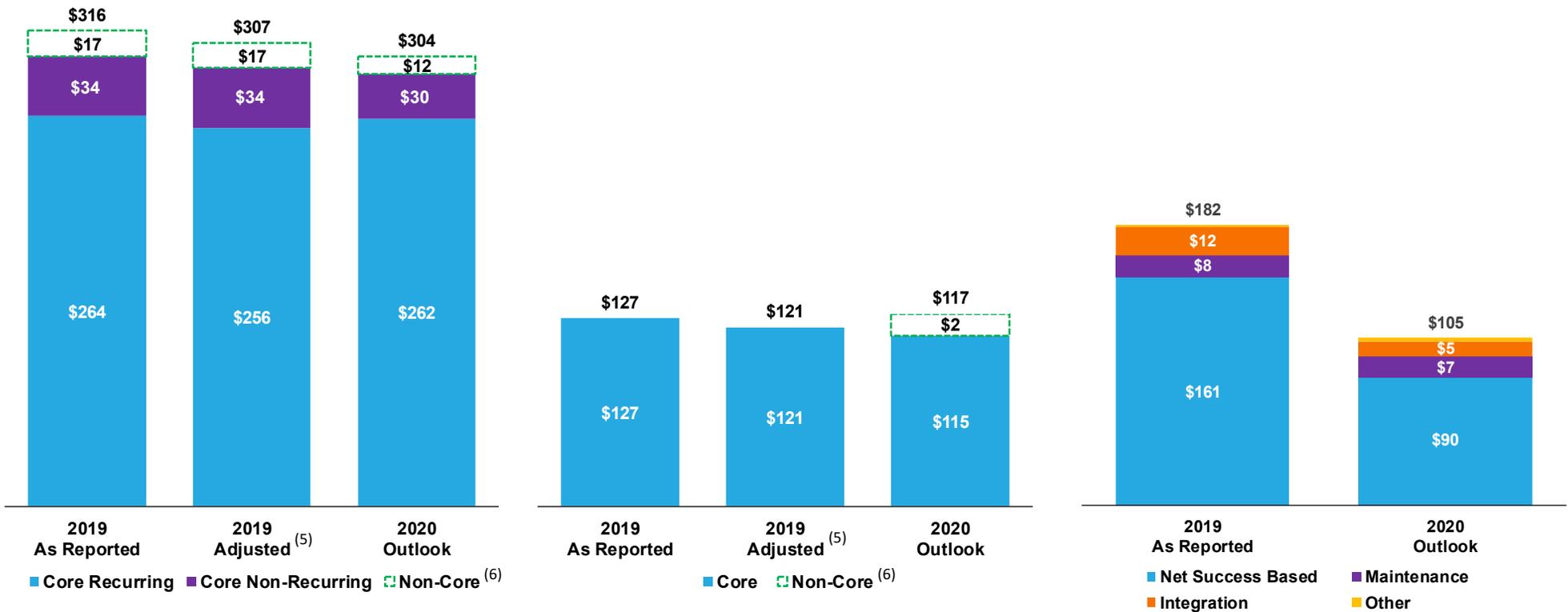
Uniti Fiber 2020 Outlook⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)

Revenue⁽²⁾

Adjusted EBITDA^{(2) (3)}

Net Capex^{(2) (4)}



Focus on Lease-Up of Completed Anchor Wireless Builds

(1) 2020 Outlook is based on the mid-point of 2020 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated March 12, 2020.

(2) Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA, and Net Capex are net of intercompany eliminations related to the ITS transaction.

(3) See Appendix for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income, the most closely comparable GAAP metric.

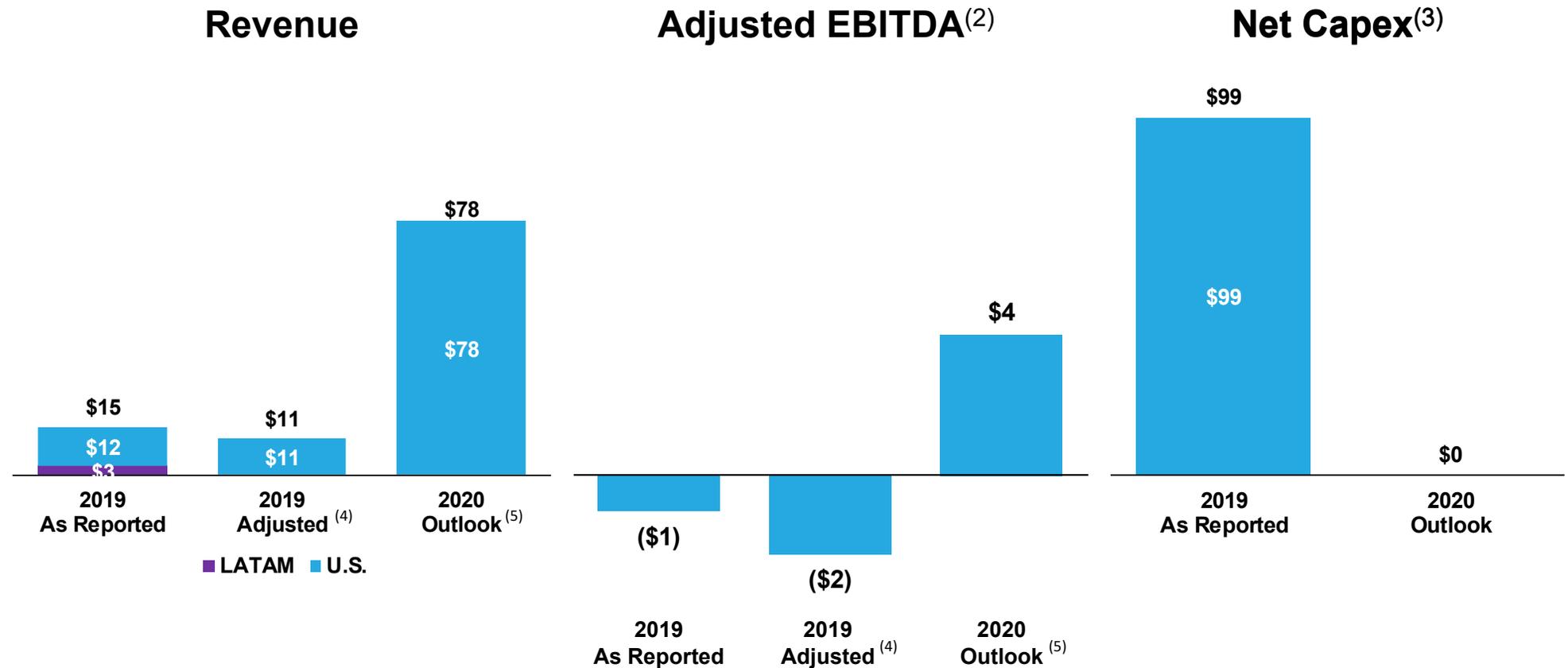
(4) Net Capex is defined as gross capital expenditures less up-front payments from customers.

(5) 2019 adjusted revenue and Adjusted EBITDA are adjusted for the sale of Uniti Fiber's Midwest operations as if the transaction had closed on January 1, 2019. No other changes to financial information or transactions have been assumed. 2019 adjusted results have not been prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X. See Appendix for details.

(6) Includes DOT/ITS construction.

Uniti Towers 2020 Outlook⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)



Uniti Towers Business Strategy Evolving in 2020

(1) 2020 Outlook is based on the mid-point of 2020 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated March 12, 2020.

(2) See Appendix for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income, the most closely comparable GAAP metric.

(3) Net Capex is defined as gross capital expenditures less up-front payments from customers. Towers constructed as part of the off-take agreement will not be reflected as net capex in our 2020 outlook, but rather will be classified as inventory held for sale.

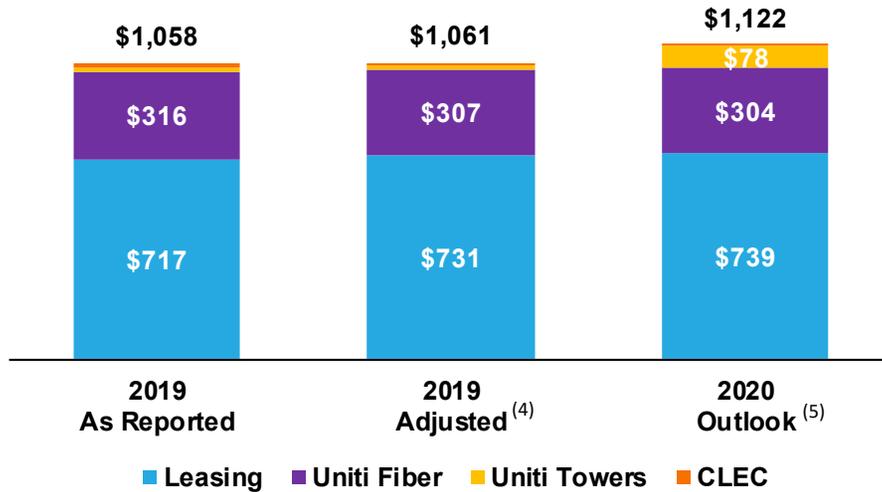
(4) 2019 adjusted revenue and Adjusted EBITDA are adjusted for the sale of the LATAM tower and U.S. ground lease portfolios, as if the transactions had closed on January 1, 2019. No other changes to financial information or transactions have been assumed. 2019 adjusted results have not been prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X. See Appendix for details.

(5) 2020 Outlook reflects the sale of the U.S. towers, which is expected to close in early 2Q20.

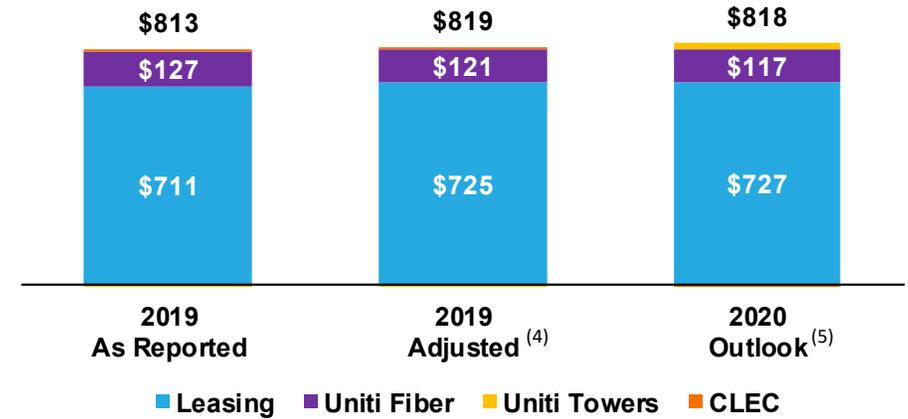
Full Year 2020 Consolidated Outlook⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions, except per share data)

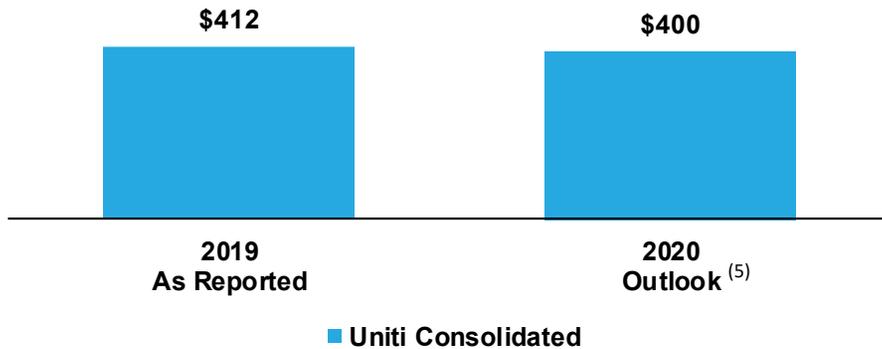
Revenue



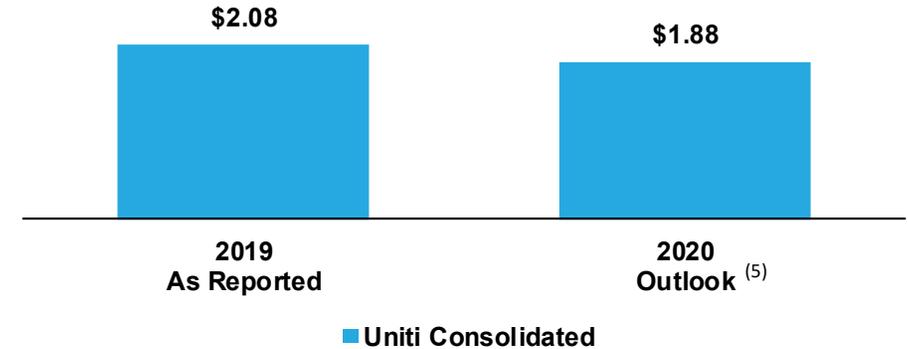
Adjusted EBITDA^{(2) (3)}



AFFO⁽²⁾



AFFO/Diluted Share^{(2) (6)}



Focus on Driving Recurring Revenue

(1) 2020 Outlook is based on the mid-point of 2020 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated March 12, 2020.

(2) See Appendix for a reconciliation of non-GAAP metrics to the most closely comparable GAAP metric.

(3) Segment amounts do not foot to total as consolidated Adjusted EBITDA is net of corporate expenses of \$26 million and \$29 million in 2019 and 2020 Outlook, respectively.

(4) 2019 adjusted revenue and Adjusted EBITDA are adjusted for the impacts of the Bluebird transaction, the sale of Uniti Fiber Midwest operations, and the sale of the LATAM tower and US. ground lease portfolios, as if the transactions had closed on January 1, 2019. No other changes to financial information or transactions have been assumed. 2019 adjusted results have not been prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X. See Appendix for details.

(5) 2020 Outlook reflects the sale of the U.S. towers, which is expected to close in early 2Q20, and assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms.

(6) AFFO/Diluted Share is based on average weighted common shares outstanding of 202 million and 220 million for 2019 As Reported and 2020 Outlook, respectively.

Reconciliation of 2019 Actuals to 2020 Outlook⁽¹⁾

\$ in millions, except per share data

	Uniti Revenue	Uniti Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	Uniti AFFO ⁽²⁾	Uniti AFFO/Share ⁽²⁾
Full Year 2019 Actuals	\$1,058	\$813	\$412	\$2.08
Uniti Fiber & Uniti Leasing Core Operations ⁽³⁾	9	(1)	1	-
U.S Towers Off-Take Tower Sales ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	67	6	6	0.03
Bluebird, SFN, and ANS Transactions ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	7	9	14	0.06
Sale of LATAM Tower and U.S. Ground Lease Portfolios ⁽³⁾⁽⁶⁾	(4)	(2)	(2)	-
Subtotal – Organic Growth and M&A	\$1,137	\$825	\$432	\$2.18
Wind Down of Non-Core Operations ⁽⁷⁾	(15)	(1)	-	-
Hurricane Michael Insurance Recovery	-	(6)	(6)	(0.03)
Impact of Financings ⁽⁸⁾	-	-	(26)	(0.28)
Full Year 2020 Midpoint Outlook	\$1,122	\$818	\$400	\$1.88

Note: Amounts may not foot due to rounding.

(1) 2020 Outlook assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms.

(2) See Appendix for a reconciliation of non-GAAP metrics to the most closely comparable GAAP metric.

(3) AFFO and AFFO/Share exclude any allocable interest expense.

(4) Sale of U.S. towers expected to close in early 2Q20.

(5) SFN closed on May 1, 2019, Bluebird closed on August 30, 2019, and ANS closed on November 1, 2019.

(6) Sale of LATAM towers portfolio closed on April 2, 2019 and the sale of the U.S. ground lease portfolio closed on May 23, 2019.

(7) Includes DOT/ITS construction, and Talk America Services.

(8) Includes interest rate savings from the paydown on all of our outstanding term loans and partial paydown of our revolving credit facility, incremental interest related to the senior secured notes and exchangeable notes offerings, the full-year impact of shares issued to settle the Series A Preferred Stock conversion, and the dilutive impact on our common shares outstanding relating to the accounting treatment of the exchangeable notes under the "if-converted" method of accounting.

U.S. Towers Sale & “Off-Take” Agreement

- **Sale of 486 of 672 U.S. Towers Located Across 32 States for ~\$190 Million⁽¹⁾**
 - ~30x Annualized Tower Cash Flow of ~\$6.4 Million⁽²⁾
 - Uniti Concurrently Enters into “Off-Take” Arrangement to Continue to Build Towers in the U.S.
 - Uniti Expects to Construct and Sell ~190 and ~170 Towers, Respectively, in 2020
 - Option to Extend Arrangement to 2021
- **Realizes Significant Value for Our Stockholders**
 - Economic Gain of ~\$23 Million on Initial Sale of 486 Towers⁽³⁾
 - Transaction Reduces Near-Term Capex Investment
 - Uniti Remains Committed to U.S. Macro Towers
 - Optionality for Reduced Capex Strategy
- **Subject to Customary Closing Conditions**
- **Expected to Close in Early 2Q20**

Recycles Capital at Attractive Valuation & Maintains Future Optionality



⁽¹⁾ Sale price subject to final adjustment.

⁽²⁾ Tower cash flow defined as gross revenue from tenant leases less direct operating expenses.

⁽³⁾ Calculated as sale price of the U.S. towers less capital invested into those towers. On a reported GAAP and tax basis, the gain on the sale was ~\$30 and ~\$48 million, respectively.

International Carrier Dark Fiber Lease

- **International Carrier to Lease Fiber Along 4 Routes Totaling 2,100 Route Miles and 4,200 Fiber Strand Miles**
 - 20 Year Term for Each Route
 - Total Contract Value of Over ~\$28 Million
 - Utilizes Existing Uniti Leasing and Uniti-Owned Windstream-Leased Fiber Networks
 - Minimal Additional Capital Investment Required
- **Continue to See Strong Demand for Dark Fiber Routes**
 - Customer Expected to Sign Route Orders for 9 More Segments Over Next Two Years
 - Ongoing Discussions with Other High Creditworthy Customers
- **Expect to Deliver Initial Routes by End of Third Quarter this Year**

Leveraging Existing Network to Drive Further Lease-up

Windstream & Uniti Agreement In Principle⁽¹⁾

Highlights

Stronger Leases

- Tenants Expanded to Include Windstream Holdings, Windstream Services, and Certain Direct and Indirect Subsidiaries of Windstream Services
- Current Aggregate Annual Rent of ~\$660 Million Remains Unchanged Through ~10 Year Remaining Initial Term⁽²⁾
- Separating ILEC and CLEC Leases to Potentially Unlock Value for Both Uniti and Windstream
- Underwriting Standards for Fiber Growth Capital Improvements (“GCI”) and Financial Covenants Included in Leases

Healthier Tenant

- Expect Windstream to Have Ample Liquidity and Deleveraged Balance Sheet
- GCI Expected to be Directed at Markets that Improve Windstream’s Competitive Position
- Positions Windstream for Sustainable Growth and Margin Expansion
- Potential to Enhance Uniti’s Tenant Diversification with ILEC/CLEC Lease Separation

Attractive Acquired Assets

- Windstream Relinquishing to Uniti Leasehold Interests in 1.8 Million Fiber Strand Miles
- Uniti Acquiring 450,000 Windstream-Owned Fiber Strand Miles
- Uniti Leasable Fiber Available to Third Parties Increased by ~90%
- Acquired Assets Provide Synergies with Existing Uniti Fiber and Uniti Leasing Businesses
- Acquiring Third Party Dark Fiber IRUs with ~\$30 Million of Annual Revenue and Adjusted EBITDA

Long Lived Fiber Network Investments

- Up to ~\$1.75 Billion of Capital Expected to be Invested by Uniti to Upgrade Uniti’s Network with Fiber Over ~10 Years
- Windstream Will Lease New GCI Fiber Deployments at an 8% Initial Yield, Subject to 0.5% Annual Escalator
- Uniti Has Option to Joint Build New CLEC Fiber, Owning and Operating Any Excess Strands Beyond Windstream’s Needs
- Significantly Enhances Value of Uniti Network – Today and at Renewal

Consideration From Uniti to Windstream

- \$400 Million in Cash⁽³⁾
- \$245 Million of Proceeds from the Sale of 19.99% of Uniti’s Common Stock to Certain Creditors of Windstream
- \$40 Million in Cash for Certain Windstream-Owned Fiber Assets and Third Party Dark Fiber IRU Contracts

Key Features

Mutually Beneficial Deal Provides Clarity on Uniti’s Path Forward



(1) Subject to satisfying significant conditions to implement settlement, including court approval, regulatory approval, the execution of definitive documentation, and the receipt of “true lease” opinions.
(2) Subject to appraisal and “true lease” analysis.
(3) Based on net present value of \$490 Million to be paid over 5 years at an assumed discount rate of 9.0%.

Master Lease Agreement Modifications Summary

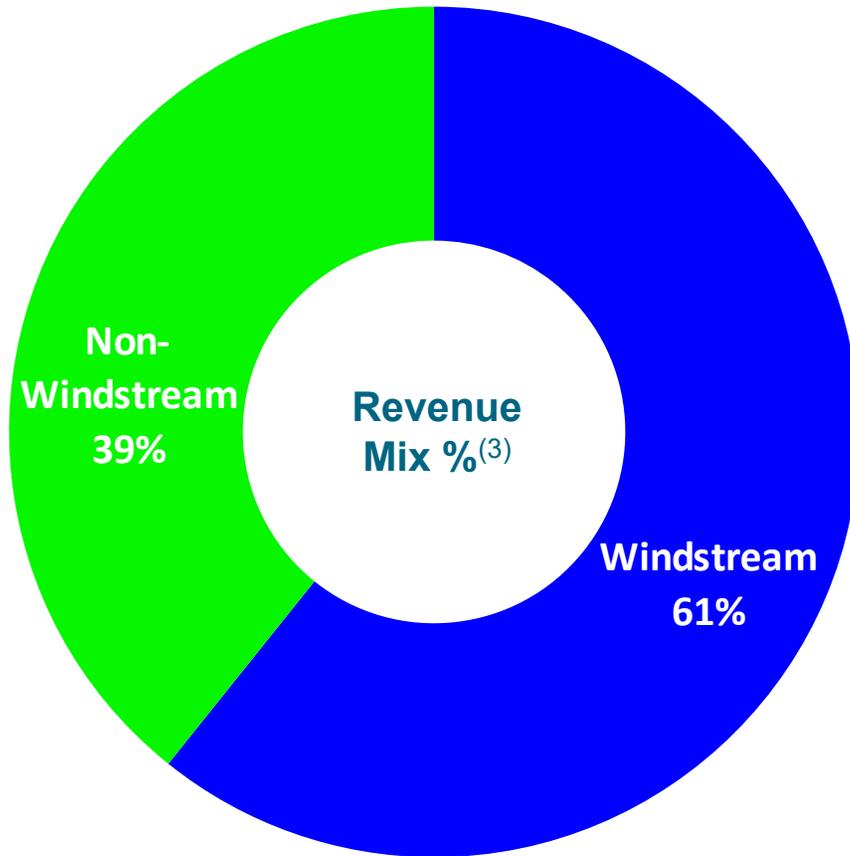
	Existing MLA	New MLAs
Lease Structure	One Master Lease Governing ILEC and CLEC Facilities	Bifurcated into Structurally Similar but Independent Agreements Governing the ILEC and CLEC Facilities Cross-Defaulted & Cross-Guaranteed While Windstream is Tenant on Both Leases
Current Annual Aggregate Rent	~\$660 Million	~\$660 Million
Annual Escalator	0.5%	0.5%
Remaining Initial Term	10 Years	10 Years
Tenants	Windstream Holdings Inc.	Windstream Holdings Inc., Windstream Services, LLC, And Certain Direct and Indirect Subsidiaries of Windstream Services, LLC
Growth Capital Improvement Funding Commitment	N/A	Up to ~\$1.75 Billion of Capital Expected to be Invested to Upgrade Uniti's Network with Fiber at an Initial Yield of 8%, Subject to a 0.5% Annual Escalator
Underwriting Standards/ Financial Covenants	None	Growth Capital Improvements ("GCI") Subject to Underwriting Standards Incurrence & Maintenance Leverage Covenants (Govern Windstream Restrictions and Continued GCI Funding)
Transfer Rights	Limited	ILEC and CLEC Leases Permit Uniti and Windstream to Transfer its Respective Rights and Obligations Under the Applicable Lease ⁽¹⁾

New Leases Structurally Enhanced for Protection & Optionality

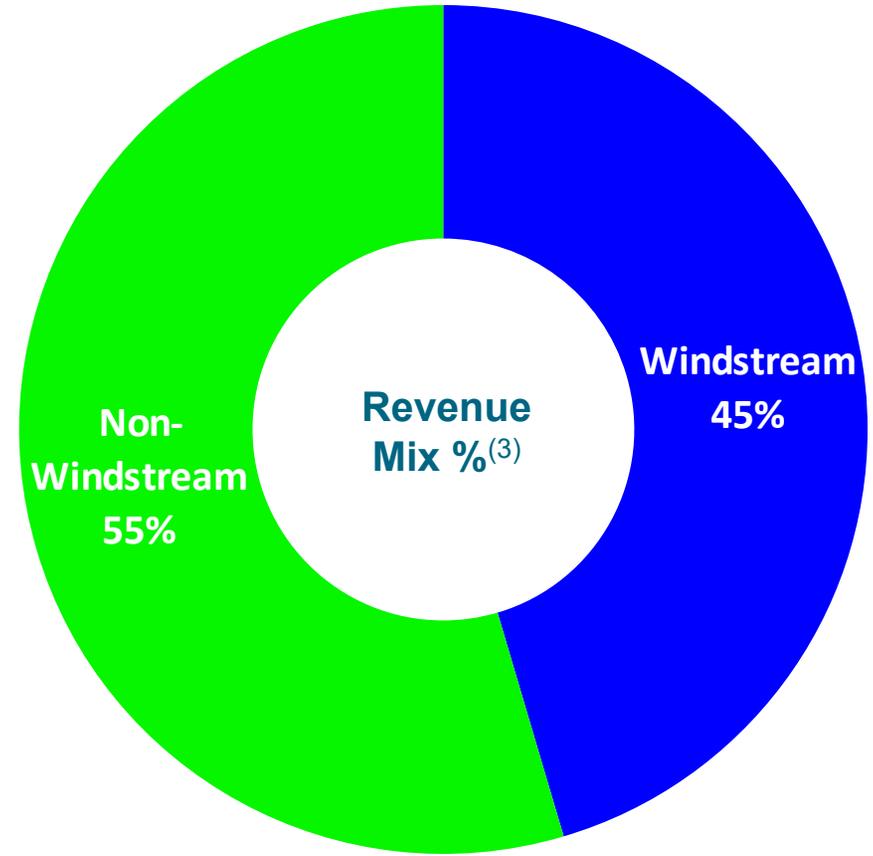
Uniti Potential Revenue Diversification

(Assumes Windstream Sells Existing CLEC Assets & CLEC Lease Transfers to Third Party)

Current Revenue Mix⁽¹⁾



Potential Revenue Mix⁽²⁾

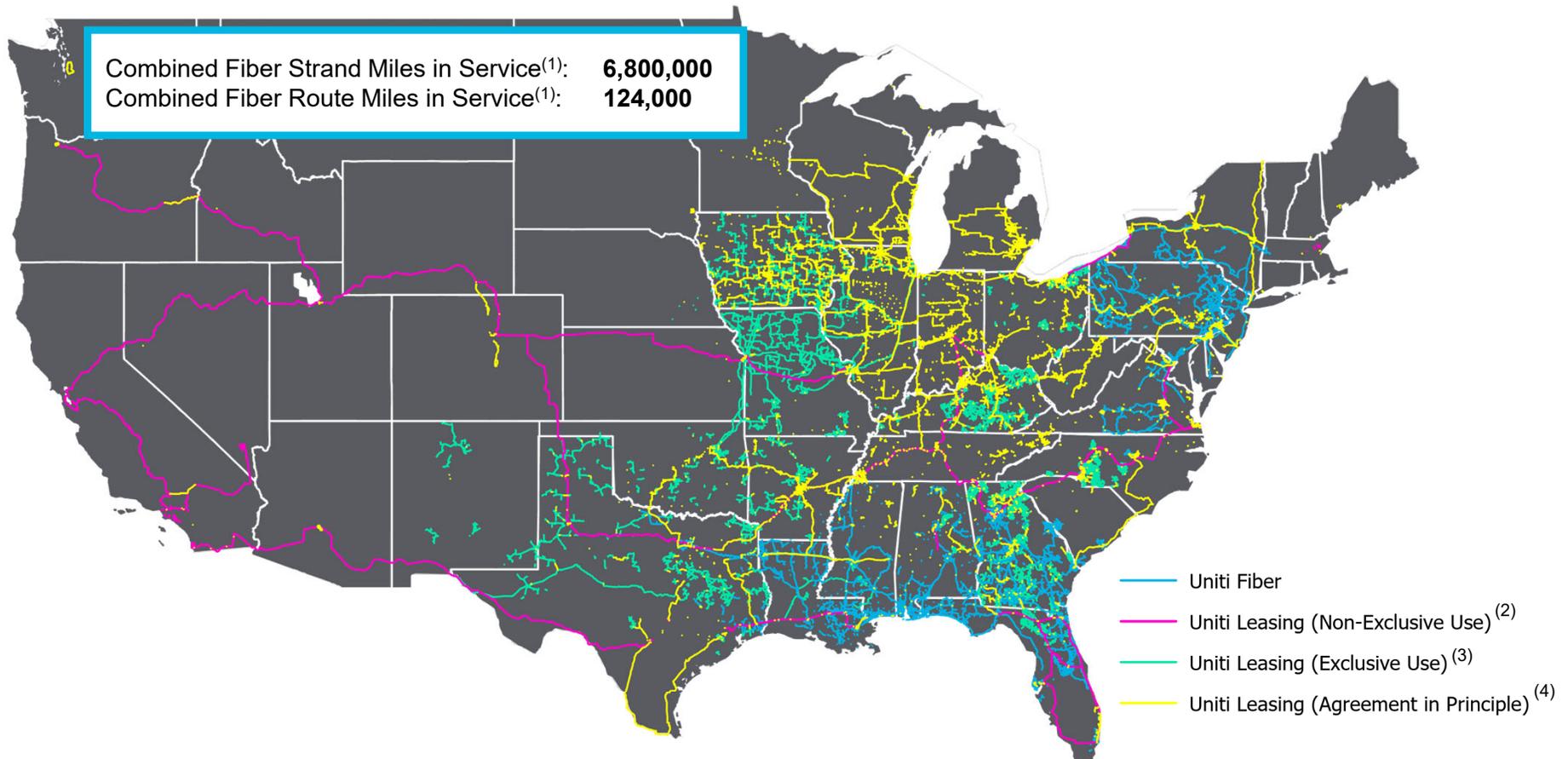


Pathway to Meaningfully Diversify Revenue Through Bifurcation of ILEC and CLEC Leases

- (1) Current Revenue Mix is based on the mid-point of 2020 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated March 12, 2020, and reflects the sale of the U.S. towers, which is expected to close in early 2Q20, and assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms.
- (2) Potential Revenue Mix reflects the Current Revenue Mix, adjusted for the transfer of existing CLEC annual lease payments made by Windstream of \$154 million to a third party, and incremental ~\$30 million of revenue associated with certain dark fiber IRU contracts we are acquiring from Windstream. CLEC annual lease payment reflects an indicative rent amount and actual rent payments for the CLEC and ILEC leases are to be finalized and could differ.
- (3) Excludes amortized revenues from tenant capital improvements.

Uniti's Expanded National Fiber Network

- Potential Synergies with Uniti Fiber
- Substantial Lease-Up Opportunities with Uniti Leasing and Uniti Fiber
- Significantly Enhances M&A Opportunity Set for OpCo/PropCo and Company Acquisitions



Deal Expands Leasable Fiber Network to Third Parties By ~90%

(1) As of December 31, 2019, adjusted to include Windstream-owned fiber assets acquired by Uniti as part of the agreement reached in principle.

(2) Represents fiber assets where Uniti has the right to lease to third parties.

(3) Represents network assets that are leased to the primary tenant on an exclusive basis.

(4) Represents fiber assets where Windstream relinquished its leasehold interests or where Uniti acquired certain fiber assets from Windstream as part of the agreement reached in principle.

Substantial Lease-Up Potential

- Lease-Up Opportunities on Uniti-Owned Windstream-Leased & Windstream-Owned Routes are Substantial and More Robust than CenturyLink Routes Acquired Due to Increased Network Capacity and Metro Presence
- Expansiveness of Network Substantially Enhances Lease-Up and OpCo/PropCo Opportunities

	CenturyLink Routes	Windstream Routes ⁽¹⁾
Date Acquired	1Q 2018	~ 2Q 2020
Route Miles	11,000	~ 32,000
Fiber Strand Miles	270,000	~ 2.2 Million
Routes in Top 25 Metro Markets	No	Yes
Routes in Other Metro Markets	No	Yes
Wholesale Products Available to Sell	Dark Fiber, Waves & Spectrum	Dark Fiber, Waves & Spectrum
Other Services Available to Sell	None	Enterprise, Lit Services, Small Cells, Fiber to the Tower
Upfront IRU Lease-Up	~\$48 Million	TBD
Annual Recurring Revenue Lease-Up ⁽²⁾	~\$9 Million	TBD



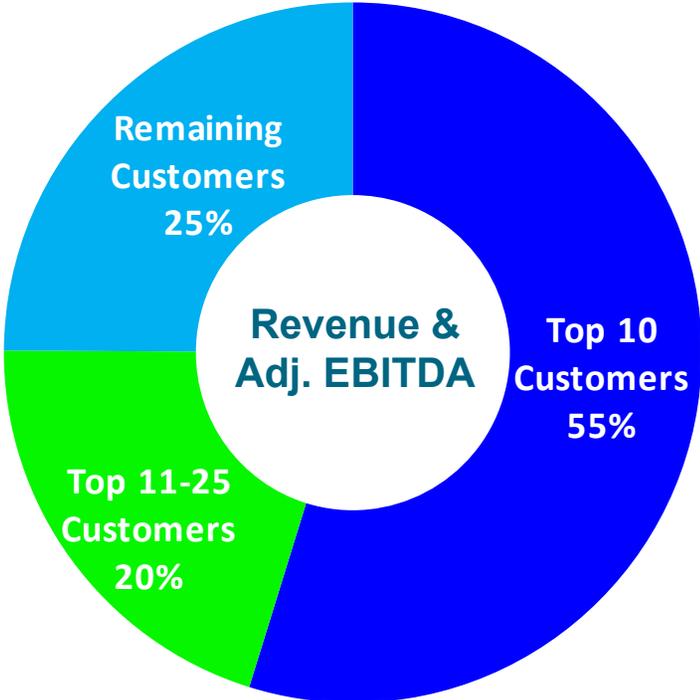
(1) Represents fiber assets where Windstream relinquished its leasehold interests or where Uniti acquired certain fiber assets from Windstream as part of the agreement reached in principle. Assumes Windstream agreement becomes effective in 2Q20.

(2) Includes amortization of the upfront IRU payments received.

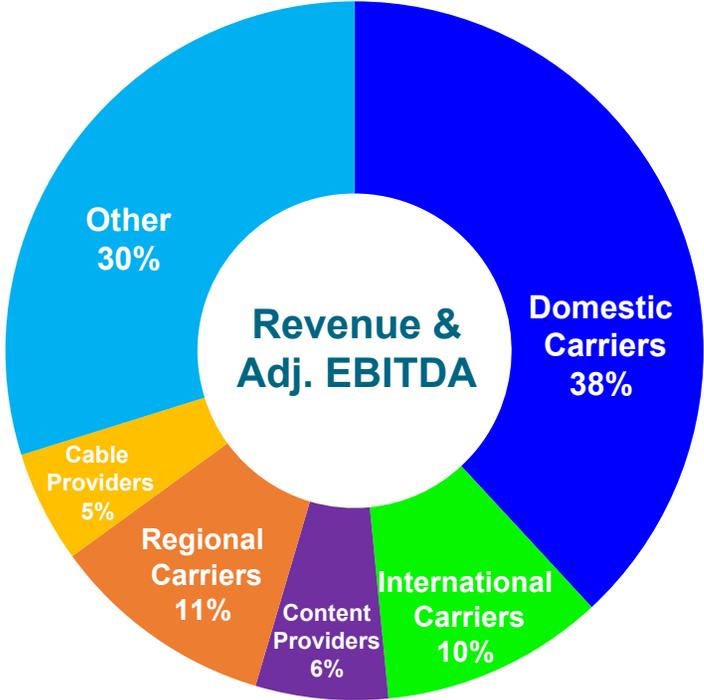
Dark Fiber IRU Customers Increase Uniti's Diversification

- Near 100% Adjusted EBITDA Margins with Minimal Incremental Capex Required
- ~75% of Acquired Revenue from Top 25 Customers Already Existing Uniti Customers
- Weighted Average Initial Remaining Contract Term is ~5 Years; ~11 Years Including Renewal Periods

Customer Concentration



Customer Mix

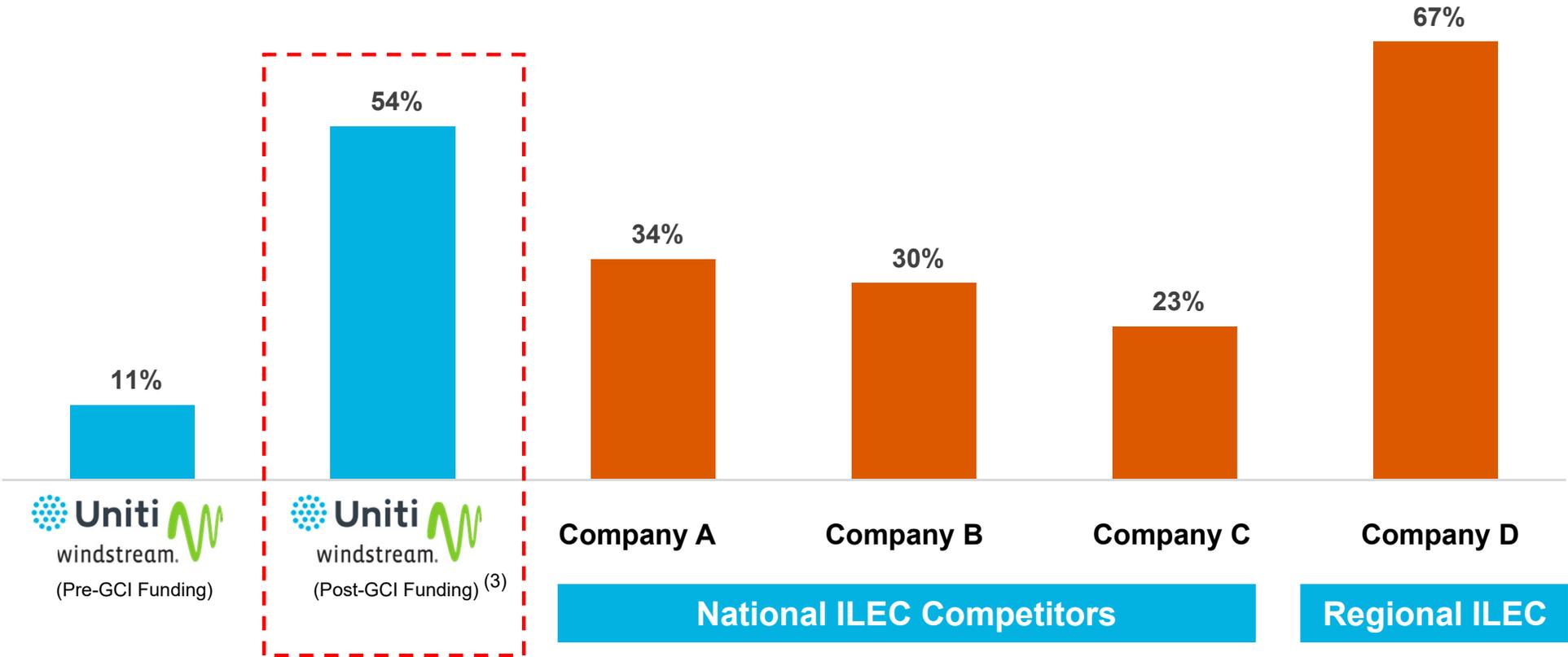


~\$30 Million of Incremental Third Party Dark Fiber Revenue and Adjusted EBITDA

Windstream Increasing Fiber to the Home Penetration

- Growth Capital Improvements Program is Value Accretive to Uniti and Enables Windstream to be More Competitive in its Markets
 - Leased at Initial Yield of 8%, with Enhanced Renewal Value
 - Potential Incremental Contractual Rent of ~\$660 Million to Uniti Over 10 Years⁽¹⁾
 - Potential for Joint Build Synergies and Multi-Use Economics

Fiber to the Home Coverage as a % of Total Network⁽²⁾



Sources: FCC website, company filings, company press releases.

(1) Represents potential aggregate incremental rent from \$1.75 billion GCI program at an initial yield of 8%, subject to a 0.5% annual escalator.
 (2) Windstream (Pre-GCI Funding), and ILEC competitors presented as a % of population covered. Windstream (Post-GCI Funding) presented as a % of expected households passed by FY 2028.
 (3) Based on Windstream's Business Plan filed as part of the cleansing materials on February 13, 2020, and reflects expected coverage by FY2028, including households covered by fixed wireless where 1Gig service can be delivered.

Towers and Fiber – Highly Attractive Models

	Uniti Fiber Dark Fiber	Uniti Leasing	GCI Program	Uniti Towers
Useful Economic Life ⁽¹⁾	~ 50 Year	~ 50 Year	~ 50 Year	~ 50 Year
Initial Term ⁽²⁾	10 – 20 Years	15 – 20 Years	10 Years	5 – 10 Years
Initial Yields ⁽²⁾	5% – 7%	7% – 10%+	8%	5% – 7%+
Incremental Lease-up Potential	Primarily from Non-Wireless Opportunities (~65% of New Bookings)	~100% Incremental Margins with Little to No Additional Capex Requirement	Potential for Further Lease-Up Through Joint Builds	Additional Tenants on Existing Towers
Expected Customer Churn	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
Average Remaining Contract Term ⁽³⁾	~18 Years	~11 Years	10 Years	~8 Years
Revenues Under Contract ⁽³⁾	~ \$475 Million	~ \$7.8 Billion	Up to ~ \$660 Million	~ \$120 Million

Shared Infrastructure with Similar Attractive Economics

Note: Statistics are indicative of current market characteristics. Uniti Group's arrangements could differ materially from those stated.

(1) Based on estimated original useful economic life of towers and fiber.

(2) Illustrative of representative transactions, including U.S. for towers.

(3) Revenues Under Contract are as of December 31, 2019. GCI Program revenues under contract represents aggregate contractual rent expected to be realized over 10 year investment timeframe. Contracts are subject to termination under certain conditions and/or may not be renewed. Assumes Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms. Actual Revenues Under Contract could vary materially.

Uniti's Investment Highlights⁽¹⁾

- **Premier Portfolio of Infrastructure Assets⁽²⁾**
 - ~ 6.8 Million Strand Miles of Fiber
 - ~ 2,060 Small Cells Installed or in Backlog
 - ~ 670 Towers
- **Unique Provider of Full Suite of 5G Infrastructure Products**
- **Significant Opportunity for Further Lease-Up**
 - ~ 70% of Fiber Unutilized⁽³⁾
 - ~ 65% of 2019 Bookings at Uniti Fiber are from Non-Wireless Opportunities
- **Predictable Revenue and Cash Flow⁽¹⁾**
 - ~ 97% of Uniti's Revenue is Recurring⁽⁴⁾
 - Over \$9 Billion of Revenues Under Contract with ~ 9 Years of Contract Term Remaining
 - ~ 85% of Uniti's Revenue has Monthly Churn of Less than 0.5%⁽⁴⁾

Substantial Valuation Discount Relative to Infrastructure REITs



(1) Assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms.
(2) As of December 31, 2019, adjusted to include Windstream-owned fiber assets acquired by Uniti as part of the agreement reached in principle.
(3) Utilization rate provided by tenants without verification and investors should not place undue reliance on the utilization rate.
(4) Excluding DOT/ITS construction and Talk America Services.

Uniti vs. REIT Metrics Benchmarking



	Uniti ⁽¹⁾	Publicly Traded Tower REITS ⁽²⁾	Publicly Traded Data Center REITS ⁽³⁾
Recurring Revenue % of Total Revenue	~ 97%	~ 90%	~ 95%
Enterprise Value/ 2020E Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁴⁾	8.4x	27.3x	19.8x
Net Leverage	6.3x	5.6x	5.0x
2020E Adjusted EBITDA Margin	~ 80%	~ 64%	~ 53%
2020E Adjusted EBITDA Growth	~ 2%	~ 7%	~ 6%
Monthly Churn % ⁽⁵⁾	<0.5%	~ 0.1%	~ 0.6%
Maintenance Capex % ⁽⁶⁾	~ 1%	~ 3%	~ 2%
Capital Intensity % ⁽⁷⁾	~ 30%	~ 19%	~ 65%
Average Remaining Contract Term ⁽⁸⁾	~ 9 Years	~ 7 Years	~ 4 Years
Diversification of Tenants ⁽⁵⁾	Low	Low	Medium to High

Expect to Improve Key Metrics Compared to Other REITs

Note: Source of REIT metrics – internally developed.

(1) Data as of 12/31/19, unless otherwise noted. Excludes DOT/ITS construction and Talk America Services.

(2) Includes: American Tower, Crown Castle, and SBA.

(3) Includes: CyrusOne, CoreSite Realty, QTS, Equinix, and Digital Realty.

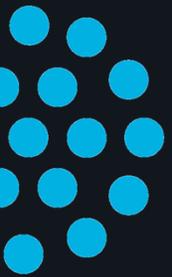
(4) Based on market data as of March 10, 2020.

(5) Data is estimated.

(6) Represents total maintenance capex as a percentage of total revenue.

(7) Represents total capex, less acquisition-related capex, as a percentage of total revenue.

(8) Reflects revenues under contract for Uniti as of December 31, 2019. Contracts are subject to termination under certain conditions and/or may not be renewed. Actual revenues under contract could vary materially. Assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms.



Appendix

Key 2020 Outlook Ranges⁽¹⁾

In Millions, except per share data

	Leasing	Uniti Fiber	Uniti Towers	CLEC	Uniti Consolidated
Revenue	\$739	\$300 - \$308	\$76 - \$80	\$1	\$1,116 - \$1,128
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$727	\$112 - \$121	\$3 - \$5	(\$1)	\$812 - \$824
Interest Expense, Net ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	\$494
Net Success-Based Capex	\$25 - \$30	\$80 - \$100	-	-	-
AFFO to Common Shareholder ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	\$394 - \$406
AFFO / Diluted Common Share ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	\$1.85 - \$1.91
Weighted-Average Common Shares Outstanding – Diluted	-	-	-	-	220

Note: Amounts may not foot due to rounding.

(1) 2020 Outlook is based on the mid-point of 2020 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated March 12, 2020. Our 2020 outlook reflects the sale of the U.S. towers, assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms. Our current outlook excludes any future acquisitions, capital market transactions, and future transaction related and other costs. Actual results could differ materially from these forward-looking statements.

(2) See Appendix for a reconciliation of non-GAAP metrics to the most closely comparable GAAP metric.

(3) Includes capitalized interest and amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discounts.

Reconciliation of Uniti Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾

\$ in Millions

	Uniti 4Q18	Uniti 4Q19
Net (loss) income	\$14.7	(\$11.4)
Depreciation and amortization	109.4	98.2
Interest expense	82.2	103.3
Income tax benefit	(0.2)	(5.5)
EBITDA	\$206.1	\$184.6
Stock-based compensation	2.0	2.9
Transaction related costs & Other	1.9	15.5
Adjusted EBITDA	\$210.0	\$202.9

Reconciliation of Uniti Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾

\$ in Millions

	2019					
	Leasing	Uniti Fiber	Uniti Towers	CLEC	Corporate	Uniti
Net (loss) income	\$419.9	\$15.9	\$14.1	-	(\$439.0)	\$10.9
Depreciation and amortization	282.1	114.6	6.5	1.9	0.7	405.8
Interest expense (income)	-	1.4	(0.7)	-	389.4	390.1
Income tax expense (benefit)	8.4	(10.9)	7.1	-	-	4.7
EBITDA	\$710.4	\$121.0	\$27.1	\$1.9	(\$48.9)	\$811.4
Stock-based compensation	0.5	2.1	0.8	-	7.4	10.8
Transaction related costs & Other	0.2	3.7	(28.4)	-	15.0	(9.5)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$711.1	\$126.8	(\$0.6)	\$1.9	(\$26.5)	\$812.7

Reconciliation of Uniti Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾

\$ in Millions

	Uniti 2019	Adjustments ⁽²⁾	Uniti 2019 Adjusted ⁽²⁾
Net income	\$10.9	\$7.1	\$18.0
Depreciation and amortization	405.8	(0.5)	405.3
Interest expense	390.1	-	390.1
Income tax expense	4.7	-	4.7
EBITDA	\$811.4	\$6.6	\$818.0
Stock-based compensation	10.8	-	10.8
Transaction related costs & Other	(9.5)	-	(9.5)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$812.7	\$6.6	\$819.3

(1) Amounts may not foot due to rounding.

(2) 2019 adjusted results are adjusted for the impacts of the Bluebird transaction, the sale of Uniti Fiber Midwest operations, and the sale of the LATAM tower and US ground lease portfolios, as if the transactions had closed on January 1, 2019. No other changes to financial information or transactions have been assumed. 2019 adjusted results have not been prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X.

Reconciliation of Uniti Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾

\$ in Millions	Uniti 4Q18	Uniti 4Q19	Uniti 2019
Net (loss) income attributable to common shares	\$12.3	(\$11.4)	\$8.4
Real estate depreciation and amortization	90.1	76.3	323.5
Gain on sale of real estate assets, net of tax ⁽²⁾	-	-	(24.4)
Participating securities' share in earnings	0.6	0.2	0.5
Participating securities' share in FFO	(0.6)	(0.4)	(1.2)
Adjustments for noncontrolling interests	(2.1)	(1.4)	(5.9)
FFO attributable to common shareholders	\$100.4	\$63.4	\$300.9
Transaction related costs	5.4	14.8	43.7
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(3.0)	0.1	(28.5)
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount	6.3	12.6	42.8
Stock based compensation	2.0	2.9	10.8
Non-real estate depreciation and amortization	19.3	21.9	82.2
Straight-line revenues	(4.1)	1.2	(0.2)
Maintenance capital expenditures	(2.5)	(1.7)	(8.0)
Amortization of discount on convertible preferred stock	0.7	-	1.0
Taxes related to cancellation of debt	-	-	4.6
Other non-cash items, net	(8.4)	(12.9)	(34.8)
Adjustments for noncontrolling interests	(0.3)	(0.7)	(2.1)
Adjusted FFO attributable to common shareholders	\$115.7	\$101.7	\$412.5



(1) Amounts may not foot due to rounding.

(2) Represents gain on sale of LATAM tower and U.S. ground lease portfolio, net of tax of approximately \$5 million.

Reconciliation of Uniti Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾

\$ in Millions

	2020 Outlook ⁽²⁾					
	Leasing ⁽²⁾	Uniti Fiber ⁽²⁾	Uniti Towers ⁽²⁾	CLEC ⁽²⁾	Corporate ⁽²⁾	Uniti ⁽²⁾
Net (loss) income	\$529	\$4	\$32	(\$2)	(\$534)	\$29
Depreciation and amortization	197	124	2	1	-	324
Interest expense (income)	-	(2)	-	-	496	494
Income tax expense (benefit)	1	(11)	-	-	-	(11)
EBITDA	\$727	\$114	\$34	(\$1)	(\$38)	\$836
Stock-based compensation	-	3	1	-	9	13
Transaction related costs & Other ⁽³⁾	-	-	(30)	-	-	(30)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$727	\$117	\$4	(\$1)	(\$29)	\$818

(1) Amounts may not foot due to rounding.

(2) 2020 Outlook is based on the mid-point of 2020 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated March 12, 2020. Our 2020 outlook reflects the partial sale of the U.S. tower portfolio, assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms. Our current outlook excludes any future acquisitions, capital market transactions, and future transaction related and other costs. Actual results could differ materially from these forward-looking statements.

(3) Includes pre-tax gain on the partial sale of the U.S. tower portfolio.

Reconciliation of Uniti Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾

\$ in Millions

	Uniti 2020 Outlook ⁽²⁾
Net income attributable to common shares	\$27
Real estate depreciation and amortization	243
Gain on sale of real estate assets, net of tax ⁽³⁾	(30)
Participating securities' share in earnings	1
Participating securities' share in FFO	(1)
Adjustments for noncontrolling interests	(4)
FFO attributable to common shareholders	\$236
Transaction related costs	-
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	-
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount ⁽⁴⁾	123
Stock based compensation	13
Non-real estate depreciation and amortization	81
Straight-line revenues	4
Maintenance capital expenditures	(7)
Amortization of discount on convertible preferred stock	-
Other non-cash items, net	(47)
Adjustments for noncontrolling interests	(3)
Adjusted FFO attributable to common shareholders	\$400

(1) Amounts may not foot due to rounding.

(2) 2020 Outlook is based on the mid-point of 2020 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated March 12, 2020. Our 2020 outlook reflects the partial sale of the U.S. tower portfolio, assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Master Lease's general terms. Our current outlook excludes any future acquisitions, capital market transactions, and future transaction related and other costs. Actual results could differ materially from these forward-looking statements.

(3) Represents gain on the partial sale of the U.S. tower portfolio.

(4) Includes the deferred recognition of swap termination fees related to our February 2020 paydown of our variable rate Term Loan B commitments, which had been swapped to fixed rate.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We refer to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Funds From Operations (“FFO”) as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“NAREIT”) and Adjusted Funds From Operations (“AFFO”) in our analysis of our results of operations, which are not required by, or presented in accordance with, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). While we believe that net income, as defined by GAAP, is the most appropriate earnings measure, we also believe that EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and AFFO are important non-GAAP supplemental measures of operating performance for a REIT.

We define “EBITDA” as net income, as defined by GAAP, before interest expense, provision for income taxes and depreciation and amortization. We define “Adjusted EBITDA” as EBITDA before stock-based compensation expense and the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of transaction and integration related costs, costs associated with Windstream’s bankruptcy, costs associated with litigation claims made against us, and costs associated with the implementation of our new enterprise resource planning system, collectively “Transaction Related and Other Costs”, the write off of unamortized deferred financing costs, costs incurred as a result of the early repayment of debt, gains or losses on dispositions, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments, and other similar or infrequent items. We believe EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are important supplemental measures to net income because they provide additional information to evaluate our operating performance on an unleveraged basis. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA is calculated similar to defined terms in our material debt agreements used to determine compliance with specific financial covenants. Since EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, they should not be considered as alternatives to net income determined in accordance with GAAP.

Because the historical cost accounting convention used for real estate assets requires the recognition of depreciation expense except on land, such accounting presentation implies that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. However, since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market and other conditions, presentations of operating results for a REIT that uses historical cost accounting for depreciation could be less informative. Thus, NAREIT created FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance for REITs that excludes historical cost depreciation and amortization, among other items, from net income, as defined by GAAP. FFO is defined by NAREIT as net income attributable to common shareholders computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains or losses from real estate dispositions, plus real estate depreciation and amortization and impairment charges. We compute FFO in accordance with NAREIT’s definition.

The Company defines AFFO, as FFO excluding (i) transaction related and other costs; (ii) Windstream bankruptcy and litigation related expenses; (iii) certain non-cash revenues and expenses such as stock-based compensation expense, amortization of debt and equity discounts, amortization of deferred financing costs, depreciation and amortization of non-real estate assets, straight line revenues, non-cash income taxes, and the amortization of other non-cash revenues to the extent that cash has not been received, such as revenue associated with the amortization of tenant capital improvements; and (iv) the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of the write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees, additional costs incurred as a result of early repayment of debt, including costs associated with the termination of related hedging activities, taxes associated with tax basis cancellation of debt, gains or losses on dispositions, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments and similar or infrequent items less maintenance capital expenditures. We believe that the use of FFO and AFFO, and their respective per share amounts, combined with the required GAAP presentations, improves the understanding of operating results of REITs among investors and analysts, and makes comparisons of operating results among such companies more meaningful. We consider FFO and AFFO to be useful measures for reviewing comparative operating performance. In particular, we believe AFFO, by excluding certain revenue and expense items, can help investors compare our operating performance between periods and to other REITs on a consistent basis without having to account for differences caused by unanticipated items and events, such as transaction and integration related costs. The Company uses FFO and AFFO, and their respective per share amounts, only as performance measures, and FFO and AFFO do not purport to be indicative of cash available to fund our future cash requirements. While FFO and AFFO are relevant and widely used measures of operating performance of REITs, they do not represent cash flows from operations or net income as defined by GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to those measures in evaluating our liquidity or operating performance.

Further, our computations of EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and AFFO may not be comparable to that reported by other REITs or companies that do not define FFO in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition or define EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and AFFO differently than we do.

Glossary

4G: The fourth generation of cellular wireless standards that is widely deployed by cellular operators today with the ability to transport data at rates up to 100 MBPS Internet access for mobile users.

5G: The fifth generation of cellular wireless standards that is in trial stages today, with expected wide scale deployment over the next couple of years, and has the ability to transport data at rates up to 1 GBPS for initially stationary users and eventually mobile users.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA before stock-based compensation expense and the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of Transaction Related and Other Costs, the write off of unamortized deferred financing costs, costs incurred as a result of the early repayment of debt, gains or losses on dispositions, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments, and other similar or infrequent items.

Backbone: A major fiber optic network that interconnects smaller networks including regional and metropolitan networks. It is the through-portion of a transmission network, as opposed to laterals and spurs which branch off to connect customer locations.

Bandwidth Infrastructure: Lit and dark bandwidth provided over fiber networks. These services are commonly used to transport telecom services, such as wireless, data, voice, Internet and video traffic between locations. These locations frequently include cellular towers, network-neutral and network specific data centers, carrier hotels, mobile switching centers, CATV head ends and satellite uplink sites, ILEC central offices, and other key buildings that house telecommunications and computer equipment. Bandwidth Infrastructure services that are lit (i.e. provided by using optronics that “light” the fiber) include Ethernet and Wavelength services. Bandwidth Infrastructure services that are not lit are sold as dark-fiber capacity.

Cell Site: A site where antennae and electronic communications equipment are placed on a radio mast or tower generally 200 to 400 feet above the ground to create a cell in a cellular network. A cell site is composed of a tower or other elevated structure for mounting antennae, and one or more sets of transmitter/receiver transceivers, digital signal processors, control electronics, a GPS receiver, regular and backup electrical power sources, and sheltering.

Glossary

Churn: Decline in MRR, such as disconnects, bandwidth downgrades, and price reductions. Includes decline in MRR related to lit backhaul sites converting to dark fiber.

Conduit: A pipe, usually made of metal, ceramic or plastic, that protects buried fiber optic cables.

Core Revenue: Represents revenue principally generated from leasing and lit services of the fiber network, as well as revenues that are ancillary to the fiber network, including managed services.

Dark Fiber: Fiber that has not yet been connected to telecommunications transmission equipment or optronics and, therefore, has not yet been activated or “lit”.

Enterprise Value: Net Debt plus fair value of preferred equity plus market value of outstanding common stock and OP units.

Ethernet: Ethernet is the standard local area network (LAN) protocol. Ethernet was originally specified to connect devices on a company or home network as well as to a cable modem or DSL modem for Internet access. Due to its ubiquity in the LAN, Ethernet has become a popular transmission protocol in metropolitan, regional and long haul networks as well.

Fiber Optics: Fiber, or fiber optic cables, are thin filaments of glass through which light beams are transmitted over long distances.

Fiber Strand Miles: Fiber strand miles are the number of route miles in a network multiplied by the number of fiber strands within each cable on the network. For example, if a ten mile network segment has a 24 count fiber installed, it would represent 10×24 or 240 fiber miles.

FTT (Fiber-to-the-Tower): FTT are laterals or spurs that connect cell sites to the wider terrestrial network via fiber optic connections.

Gross Installs: MRR related to services that have been installed and are billable in a given period. Includes MRR related to new services installed and bandwidth upgrades.

Glossary

Integration Capex: Capital expenditures made specifically with respect to recent acquisitions that are essential to integrating acquired companies in our business.

Lateral/Spur: An extension from the main or core portion of a network to a customer's premises or other connection point.

LTE Network: Long-term evolution network can be used to provide 4G cellular networks that are capable of providing high speed (up to 100 Mbps) cellular data services.

Maintenance Capex: Capital expenditures related to maintaining and preserving the existing network and related equipment.

Mbps: A measure of telecommunications transmission speed. One megabit equals one million bits of information.

Mobile Switching Centers: Buildings where wireless service providers house their Internet routers and voice switching equipment.

Monthly Churn Rate: Monthly churn rate is calculated as monthly Churn divided by MRR on the last day of the preceding period.

MRR (Monthly recurring revenue): Monthly recurring revenue generated based on the price that the customer is expected to pay, including monthly revenue related to the amortization of upfront payments by customers. Our presentation of MRR is not a guarantee of future revenues and should not be viewed as a predictor of future annual revenues.

Net Debt: Principal amount of debt outstanding, less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Net Secured Debt: Principal amount of secured debt outstanding, less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Net Success-Based Capex: Success-Based Capex less associated upfront customer payments. Does not include net capital expenditures related to integration, maintenance, and other, such as IT-related capex.

Glossary

NOC: Network operations center is a location that is used to monitor networks, troubleshoot network degradations and outages, and ensure customer network outages and other network degradations are restored.

Nodes: Points on a network that can receive, create, or transmit communication services.

NRC (non-recurring charge): Upfront customer payments that are primarily associated with an executed fiber-related contract that utilizes either newly constructed or already owned fiber, and the fiber is intended to be owned by Uniti on a long-term basis.

Optronics: Various types of equipment that are commonly used to light fiber. Optronics include systems that are capable of providing Ethernet, Wavelengths, and other service over fiber optic cable.

Recurring Revenue: Revenue recognized for ongoing services based on the price that the customer is expected to pay, including revenue recognized related to the amortization of upfront payments by customers, at a given point in time.

Revenues Under Contract: Total revenue contract value entitled to be received pursuant to existing contracts, some of which may be past their expiration date and currently on a month to month basis. A portion of these contracts are subject to renewal each year, and there can be no assurances that the contracts will be renewed at all or, if they are renewed, that the renewal will not provide for lower rates.

Route miles: Route miles are the length, measured in non-overlapping miles, of a fiber network. Route miles are distinct from fiber strand miles, which is the number of route miles in a network multiplied by the number of fiber strands within each conduit on the network.

Sales Bookings: MRR in a given period relating to orders that have been signed by the customer and accepted by order management.

Glossary

Small Cells: A site where antennae, electronic communications equipment and power are placed on a utility pole, street light pole or other structure that are generally 25 feet from the ground to create a cell with a smaller radius than that of a Cell Site. By reducing the distance between the antennae, electronic communication equipment and mobile user equipment, small cells can transport data at faster speeds than from a Cell Site. Small cells are connected the cellular network by fiber to a close Cell Site.

Success-Based Capex: Gross capital expenditures related to installing existing or anticipated contractual customer service orders. Does not include capital expenditures related to integration, maintenance, and other, such as IT-related capex.

Switch: A switch is an electronic device that selects the path that voice, data, and Internet traffic take or use on a network.

Tower: A free standing tower made of steel generally 200 to 400 feet above the ground with a triangular base and three to four sides built on leased parcels of land. Most towers can accommodate Multiple Cell Sites (and multiple tenants).

Transport: A telecommunication service to move data, Internet, voice, video, or wireless traffic from one location to another.

Wavelength: A channel of light that carries telecommunications traffic through the process of wavelength division multiplexing.